

**Assignment:** Write, in complete sentences, a solution to Section 3.10, Exercise 17:

At noon, ship A is 100 km west of ship B. Ship A is sailing south at 35 km/h and ship B is sailing north at 25 km/h. How fast is the distance between the ships changing at 4:00 PM?

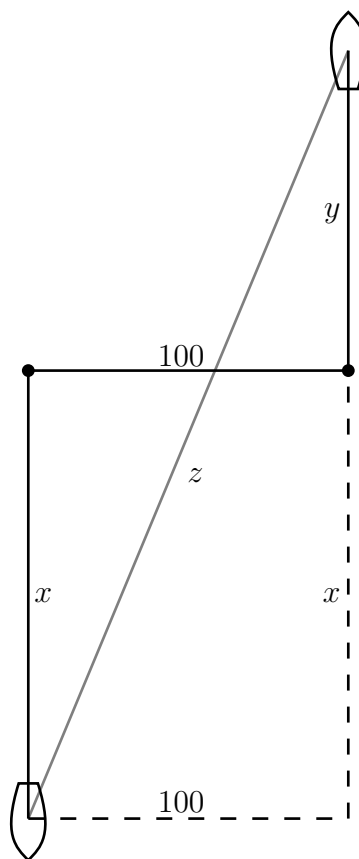
Solution: Let  $x$  be the distance that ship A has sailed from its position at noon, and let  $y$  be the distance that ship B has sailed from its position at noon. Let  $z$  be the distance between the two ships. We'll measure all distances in kilometers.

We are given that  $\frac{dx}{dt} = 35$  km/h and  $\frac{dy}{dt} = 25$  km/h. We are asked to find  $\frac{dz}{dt}$  at 4:00 PM. In the diagram, we note that there is a right triangle with hypotenuse  $z$  and legs 100 and  $(x + y)$ . Thus we have the equation

$$z^2 = 100^2 + (x + y)^2$$

relating  $x$ ,  $y$ , and  $z$ . We differentiate both sides of this equation with respect to  $t$  to get

$$2z \frac{dz}{dt} = 2(x + y) \left( \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{dy}{dt} \right) \quad (1)$$



We know the values of  $\frac{dx}{dt}$  and  $\frac{dy}{dt}$ . We need to find the values of  $x$ ,  $y$ , and  $z$  at 4:00 PM. Between noon and 4:00 PM, ship A sailed south at a steady

speed of 35 km/h, so at 4:00 PM, ship A is

$$4 \times 35 = 140 \text{ km}$$

south of its position at noon. That is,  $x = 140$  at 4:00 PM. By a similar calculation, ship B is

$$4 \times 25 = 100 \text{ km}$$

north of its noontime position at 4:00 PM, so we have  $y = 100$  at 4:00 PM. To find the value of  $z$  at 4:00 PM, we substitute  $x = 140$  and  $y = 100$  into the equation

$$z^2 = 100^2 + (x + y)^2$$

to get

$$\begin{aligned} z^2 &= 100^2 + 240^2 \\ &= (5 \times 20)^2 + (12 \times 20)^2 \\ &= (5^2 + 12^2) \times 20^2 \\ &= 13^2 \times 20^2 \end{aligned}$$

so that  $z = 13 \times 20 = 260$  at 4:00 PM.

We now substitute  $x = 140$ ,  $y = 100$ ,  $z = 260$ , and the given values for  $\frac{dx}{dt}$  and  $\frac{dy}{dt}$  into equation (1) to get

$$\begin{aligned} 2(260) \frac{dz}{dt} &= 2(140 + 100)(35 + 25) \\ \frac{dz}{dt} &= \frac{2(240)(60)}{2(260)} \\ &= \frac{720}{13} \end{aligned}$$

At 4:00 PM, the distance between ship A and ship B is increasing at the rate of  $\frac{720}{13} \frac{\text{km}}{\text{h}}$ , or about 55.38 km/h.